Unit 18 I go shopping at the supermarket.

Can-do

Can-do You can tell your schedule.

Grammar

1. "Tte form of verbs"

The formation of te-form varies with the groups.

1 Group-verbs			
ます form	て form	meaning	
kaimasu かいます	katte かって	to buy	
machimasu まちます	matte まって	to wait	
norimasu のります	notte のって	to get on	
kakimasu かきます	kaite カルハて	to write	
isogimasu いそぎます	isoide いそいで	to hurry	
yobimasu よびます	yonde よんで	to call	
shinimasu しにます	shinde しんで	to die	
nomimasu のみます	nonde のんで	to drink	
kashimasu かします	kashite かして	to lend	
ikimasu いきます	itte いって	to go	

2 Group-verbs			
ます form	て form	meaning	
mimasu みます	mite みて	to see	
okimasu おきます	okite おきて	to get up	
tabemasu たべます	tabete たべて	to eat	
akemasu あけます	akete あけて	to open	

Irregular-verbs			
ます form	て form	meaning	
kimasu きます	kite きて	to come	
shimasu します	shite して	to do	

2. V1 て V2 ます

This sentence structure employs verb-te forms for connecting more than 2 sentences. When you refer to more than two actions which occur in a row, you can explain the actions in order of occurrence by using verb-te forms. The tense of the sentence is determined by the tense of the last verb.

 $\underline{\underline{Example 1}}$ $\underline{\underline{Example 1}}$ $\underline{\underline{thist}}$ $\underline{\underline{$

(Every day, I take a shower, have breakfast and go to university.)

(On Sunday, I went to Shinjuku and saw a movie.)